

SAFETY DATA SHEET CLEAR ACRYLIC LACQUER

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name CLEAR ACRYLIC LACQUER
Product No. AST-CAL400

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Paint aerosol

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier ASTRAL CSL
Pilkington Industrial Estate
Rake Lane
Swinton
M27 8LP
+ 44 (0)161 643 0260
+44 (0) 870 199 2072
sales@astralcsl.com



1.4. Emergency telephone number: 0161 643 0260

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical and Chemical Hazards Flam. Aerosol 1 - H222
Human health EUH066; Eye Irrit. 2 - H319; STOT SE 3 - H336
Environment Not classified.

Classification (1999/45/EEC) Xi; R36. F+; R12. R66, R67.

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

2.2. Label elements

Label In Accordance With (EC) No. 1272/2008



Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statements

P102 Keep out of reach of children.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P261 Avoid breathing vapour/spray.
P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

Supplementary Precautionary Statements

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

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|----------|--|
| P251 | Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. |
| P264 | Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. |
| P304+340 | IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. |
| P312 | Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
| P403+233 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
| P405 | Store locked up. |
| P410+412 | Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F. |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |

Supplemental label information

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

| | | |
|---|--|--------|
| 2-BUTOXYETHANOL | | 5-10% |
| CAS-No.: 111-76-2 | EC No.: 203-905-0 | |
| Classification (EC 1272/2008) Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 | Classification (67/548/EEC) Xn;R20/21/22 Xi;R36/38 | |
| 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE | | 1-5% |
| CAS-No.: 108-65-6 | EC No.: 203-603-9 | |
| Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 | Classification (67/548/EEC) R10 | |
| ACETONE | | 30-60% |
| CAS-No.: 67-64-1 | EC No.: 200-662-2 | |
| Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 EUH066 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 | Classification (67/548/EEC) F;R11 Xi;R36 R66 R67 | |
| BUTANE | | 5-10% |
| CAS-No.: 106-97-8 | EC No.: 203-448-7 | |
| Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Gas 1 - H220 | Classification (67/548/EEC) F+;R12 | |

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| | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------|
| ISOBUTANE | | 1-5% |
| CAS-No.: 75-28-5 | EC No.: 200-857-2 | |
| Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Gas 1 - H220 | Classification (67/548/EEC) F+;R12 | |
| PROPANE | | 10-30% |
| CAS-No.: 74-98-6 | EC No.: 200-827-9 | |
| Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Gas 1 - H220 | Classification (67/548/EEC) F+;R12 | |

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Inhalation

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

Ingestion

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Rinse mouth thoroughly with water and give large amounts of milk or water to people not unconscious. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Skin contact

Wash the skin immediately with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact

Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media

Use: Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray, fog or mist.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards

Aerosol cans may explode in a fire.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.2. Environmental precautions

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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Wear necessary protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Let evaporate. Keep out of confined spaces because of explosion risk. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area.

6.4. Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above accepted level.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

| Name | STD | TWA - 8 Hrs | | STEL - 15 Min | | Notes |
|---------------------------------|-----|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------|
| 2-BUTOXYETHANOL | WEL | 25 ppm(Sk) | | 50 ppm(Sk) | | |
| 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE | WEL | 50 ppm(Sk) | 274 mg/m3(Sk) | 100 ppm(Sk) | 548 mg/m3(Sk) | |
| ACETONE | | | | 500 ppm | 1210 mg/m3 | |
| BUTANE | WEL | 600 ppm | 1450 mg/m3 | 750 ppm | 1810 mg/m3 | |
| ISOBUTANE | WEL | 800 ppm | | 800 ppm | | |
| PROPANE | | Asphyxiating | Asphyxiating. | Asphyxiating | Asphyxiating. | |

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Engineering measures

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

Respiratory equipment

No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection must be used if the general level exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. Use chemical cartridge protection with appropriate cartridge.

Hand protection

Use protective gloves.

Eye protection

Use approved safety goggles or face shield.

Other Protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact.

Hygiene measures

DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|------------|-------------|
| Appearance | Aerosol. |
| Colour | Colourless. |

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| | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Odour | Characteristic. |
| Solubility | Insoluble in water |
| Flammability Limit - Lower(%) | 0.8 |
| Flammability Limit - Upper(%) | 13.0 |

9.2. Other information

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal temperature conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with: Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis. Strong mineral acids.

10.5. Incompatible materials

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Inhalation

May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system. Irritating to respiratory system.

Ingestion

May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach.

Skin contact

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation. Acts as a defatting agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema. May cause allergic contact eczema. May cause sensitisation by skin contact. Irritating to skin.

Eye contact

Irritating to eyes. May cause chemical eye burns.

Route of entry

Inhalation. Skin and/or eye contact.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses.

12.1. Toxicity

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.4. Mobility in soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

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SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Empty containers must not be burned because of explosion hazard. Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. UN number

| | |
|----------------------|------|
| UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN) | 1950 |
| UN No. (IMDG) | 1950 |
| UN No. (ICAO) | 1950 |

14.2. UN proper shipping name

| | |
|----------------------|----------|
| Proper Shipping Name | AEROSOLS |
|----------------------|----------|

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

| | |
|---------------------|----------------|
| ADR/RID/ADN Class | 2 |
| ADR/RID/ADN Class | Class 2: Gases |
| ADR Label No. | 2.1 |
| IMDG Class | 2.1 |
| ICAO Class/Division | 2.1 |
| Transport Labels | |



14.4. Packing group

| | |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| ADR/RID/ADN Packing group | Not Applicable |
| IMDG Packing group | Not Applicable |
| ICAO Packing group | Not Applicable |

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance/Marine Pollutant
No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

| | |
|-----|------|
| EMS | 2-13 |
|-----|------|

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Uk Regulatory References

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002.

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002.

Statutory Instruments

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002.

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The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002.

Approved Code Of Practice

Classification and Labelling of Substances and Preparations Dangerous for Supply.

Guidance Notes

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation HS(G)37.

CHIP for everyone HSG(108).

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date 08/12/2014

Revision 1

Supersedes date 11/05/2010

Risk Phrases In Full

R12 Extremely flammable.

R10 Flammable.

R20/21/22 Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R11 Highly flammable

R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin.

R36 Irritating to eyes.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Hazard Statements In Full

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.